

LABOR DEPARTMENT.

EDITED BY M. B. JOHNSON.

(Mail all data, news notes, etc., before Friday of each week to P. O. Box 112, Fort Worth, Tex.)

TRADES UNION LABELS.

In another column of this department appears a telegram from Chattanooga, Tenn., giving the particulars of what our correspondent is pleased to term a novel injunction suit. This suit is to test in the highest courts of Tennessee the validity and legality of the "blue label" of the Cigarmakers' international union, a trade mark which has been duly and legally entered according to law and copyrighted by the United States. It would seem to the unprejudiced mind that the cigarmakers should win in this suit and be protected in their rights. The Cigarmakers' international union is a chartered institution, and its subordinate bodies obtain charters from various state governments under whose jurisdiction they act, and it is a fact to be regretted that their trade mark does not have the protection given to other patents of like character. The blue label of the cigarmaker is a guarantee of the union to those who prefer to patronize union labor; that the cigars contained in boxes bearing the blue label were made by union workmen, and the inconsistency of those manufacturers who prefer to employ non-union labor, and at the same time affix to their goods a counterfeit seal of the Cigarmakers' international union, thereby seeking to convey the impression that they employ union labor is plain, apparent, and deserving of the severest condemnation of every man who is inclined to see fair-play and justice accorded to even the humblest citizen or corporate body. So long as the cigarmaker obeys the laws of the state and nation, and puts himself under the operation of laws made to protect alike the pauper and the millionaire, he should most assuredly be protected in the rights for which he has paid, and the counterfeiting of a trades union label which has been regularly and duly patented according to law and the acts of congress, should be made no less a crime than the counterfeiting of our legal tender currency; the only difference being that one is an offense against the government, and the other an infringement of rights guaranteed by the government to the citizen. If justice is to prevail, let each citizen be protected in the operation of our laws, one of the prime rights guaranteed to us by our national constitution.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

It is necessary for the editor of this department to once again repeat for the benefit of all correspondents that, while these columns are open for a brief discussion of such matters as might benefit or interest the working people generally, still it is not the intention to make it a department where personal wrongs, imaginary or real grievances of a private or extremely partisan nature are to be aired or righted, or even discussed. If your union, order or organization does not give you the justice or the fairness to which you are entitled, either abandon it or assist in the promulgation of laws which suit you better. THE GAZETTE will not print "shop talk," nor does it presume to correct errors not made by itself. Several communications of the kind indicated above are now on our desk, where they will remain until called for by their authors.

CITY LABOR NEWS.

Right, and not might, will win.
Fort Worth milkmen have a union.
The local union of boiler-makers met last night.
The Tailors' union meets to-morrow night.
Work for the benefit feature of your organization.
The local union of cigar makers will meet next week.
The past week has been hard on the street car employees.
Fort Worth carpenters and joiners are evidently alive to their interests.
The spirit does not move so often as the man who falls to pay house rent.
The building season has opened and the carpenters and other laborers are busy.
Personal abuse and bulldozing talk destroys all the merit of a real grievance.
The Fort Worth Union Labor building and loan association will be chartered in a short time.
Stonemasons' union No. 4 met last Friday evening. A large percentage of the membership was present.
You can't complain at actions of your union if you fail to pay your dues and be present at its meetings.
The man who owns his home and improves and beautifies it assists in no small degree in building to the city.
Movements are on foot looking to a grand display and parade of the organized labor bodies of Fort Worth on May 1.
A branch of the American Federation of Labor will be organized in Fort Worth to supersede the Industrial Council.
A majority of the Fort Worth laboring men own their homes. This is proof that good pay for good work is the rule in this city.
The labor editor is not able to inform "Enquirer" whether or not Martin Irons has been expelled from the Knights of Labor.
The Fort Worth Farmers' Alliance will meet next Friday evening. A full meeting is desired, as business of importance will come before the order.
The local cigarmakers will join with other unions of their kind in petitioning the Texas legislature to protect their trades label, which is copyrighted by congress.
The switchmen's ball was a great success. Dallas switchmen sent a large contingent, who are loud in their praises of the hospitality of their Fort Worth brethren.
The mass meeting given by the organized and unorganized carpenters last week was largely attended and local carpenters say that the meeting will be productive of much good.
The Knights of Labor meet regularly every Wednesday evening at their hall, No. 1604 Main street. Leading Knights say that the order is growing in Fort Worth, all reports to the contrary notwithstanding.
It is gratifying to Fort Worth workingmen that most of the contracts for city work have been awarded to home contractors, as this means that resident workmen will do the work.
Mr. B. B. Hill, editor of the Austin County Times-Standard, erstwhile a Fort Worth boy and one of the toilers on THE GAZETTE, has been spending a pleasant week with old friends in Fort Worth. Mr. Hill is a popular member of Fort Worth typographical union No. 198.
The banks of Fort Worth report a large increase in deposits as compared with this date last year. The president of the largest bank in this city says that fully 60 per cent of the deposits in his bank come from la-

boring men. The cry of hard times falls flat in the face of such evidence as this.

GENERAL LABOR AND INDUSTRIAL ITEMS.

Austin is to have a union of bookbinders.
Indianapolis brewers won their strike last week.
New Orleans coppermiths are out on a strike.
Atlanta street car men threaten another strike.
San Francisco newsboys are organizing a union.
Dallas pressmen will send a delegate to Philadelphia.
Louisville carpenters are agitating for shorter hours.
Waco will have a branch of the American Federation of Labor.
The only union of press feeders in the South is at Dallas, Tex.
The Labor Herald says 60 per cent of the strikes in 1891 were failures.
Galveston carpenters' union has recently had large accessions to its membership.
Last year the Alliance membership in Arkansas was 10,000. Now it is between 80,000 and 40,000.
Typesetting is a popular industry among the women of England, of whom 4500 make a living thereby.
Will Lambert, late journal clerk of the Texas legislature, is a prominent member of Houston Typographical union.
Knights of Labor will hold mass-meetings and parade in Atlanta on May 1. The order is very strong in that city.
The Texas and Pacific company is making a reduction in its work force, with the idea of reducing expenses 10 per cent.
The man who kicks about paying reasonable dues to his organization is always the one who expects most from it.—Machine Woodworker.
According to the labor commissioners of the country, cigar makers had less strikes and lockouts in 1891 than any other class of organized labor.
The Denver and Rio Grande and its employees have reached an understanding in regard to wages. This settles all the trouble. The men get an increase in their wages.
Henry Watterson, during his visit to Texas, was enlightening some of our fellow citizens on the question of finance, and made use of the expression, "an honest dollar!" A seeker after knowledge inquired: "What is an honest dollar, Mr. Watterson?" The great newspaper man hesitated a moment and then replied: "Well, I don't know!"
Between the Russian famine, hard times and bread riots in Germany, suffering from hunger and lack of employment in Austria, short crops over most of Europe except Hungary and parts of Italy, and the great impending coal strike in England, the outlook of Europe is gloomy. Australia also is going through a depression; India has almost a famine on hand; the Argentine Republic and Brazil are still laboring with business disaster and political complications, and Chili is recruiting her army after her last stand. About this time it is well to be an American, but some of our calamity howlers do not seem to realize their advantages.

A Giant Movement on Foot in England.

LONDON, March 19.—To-day four out of five collieries in Great Britain are idle.
The grand total of men at play is roughly estimated at 450,000. In Durham 30,000 are on a strike against reduction of wages, but in all other districts the men have simply decided to take a week, fortnight or even three weeks' holiday to resist the output of coal. This movement has caused the greatest disturbance in the British labor world and in the manufacturing centers since the American civil war, when so many hundreds of thousands of the cotton operatives of Lancashire were laid off and starved for charity. Startling rumors are in circulation. Fears of a coal famine are widespread. The stocks of coal in the great commercial centers are not large, and colliery owners have for some time past declined to supply the market. A great many orders have been refused, and the price of coal has reached a figure which it has not known since the memorable strike of Northumberland and Durham miners, fifteen years ago. Some factories will no longer work next week for want of fuel. A number of others will close in the week following if the miners determine to carry their experiment into a second week, and if it is prolonged into a third week the disturbance of British manufacturers will be general and its effects so widespread that scarcely an estimate can be formed of the terrific loss to the communities which must ensue. The whole situation is startling in the highest degree. Many political economists declare that the movement will result in driving a large proportion of the work away from England into foreign hands. In nearly all the large towns the poor are great sufferers.

Labor Matters in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., March 19.—A new contract has been purchased by the American brewery and has baptised it the American brewery. It was said that the new concern would "stand in" with the union workmen, but neither employers nor laborers could give any proof in support of the assertion when interviewed yesterday.
One of the leading brewers of the city said yesterday afternoon that he believed that the trouble between the employing brewers and the workmen would soon be at an end. He thought that the union would no longer insist that the drivers should be organized, and if that matter were settled there would be no more trouble.
The executive committee of the "Federated trades met yesterday, but did nothing of importance besides appointing a sub-committee to make rules for the government of the reporters who are allowed to attend the council's proceedings. There was a powerful faction in the council who thought that the representatives of the press should be excluded from the meetings, but they were unable to prevail against those who thought that what is right has no use for darkness.

GREAT STRIKES.

The Pennsylvania Central Road is in for a struggle.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., March 19.—The general executive board of the International association of machinists last night officially endorsed the strike of the machinists in the employ of the Pennsylvania Central at this point and \$25,000 was appropriated for their use. This will result in calling out every blacksmith, boiler-maker and machinist in the employ of the Pennsylvania Central from Altoona to Chicago. The strike has also been endorsed by the Federated train service, and the indications point to one of the greatest labor struggles in which the Pennsylvania was ever involved.

American Musicians in Session.

NEW YORK, March 19.—At yesterday's session of the National league of American musicians President Miller made his annual report, and telegrams were sent Secretary Tracy and Kilgus protesting against the employment of non-union musicians at parties and festivals. To-night the delegates were serenaded by a number of bands led by Gilmore and Cappa.

A Strange Injunction.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., March 19.—J. W. Kelly has been enjoined from using the counterfeit "blue label" of the Cigarmakers' international union. The National cigarmakers' union became aware of the fact that J. W. Kelly, a whole sale liquor man here, was counterfeiting their labels, and to-day a committee from the union entered suit in chancery to enjoin

him from using the "takes." The suit created somewhat of a sensation.

A Prominent Telegrapher Dead.
Mr. E. B. McLaurin, a prominent member of the Brotherhood of Telegraphers, died in Houston, Tex., March 17, of consumption. Mr. McLaurin had many friends in Fort Worth, who will sincerely regret his death. Perhaps no man in Texas was more beloved by members of the telegraphers' brotherhood, for the upbuilding of which he had labored many years.

TEXAS PRESS ASSOCIATION.

Call for the Thirtieth Annual Convention at San Antonio, April 19-21.

HUNTSVILLE, TEX., March 19.—By order of the executive committee the thirtieth annual meeting of the Texas press association is hereby called to meet in the city of San Antonio on April 19, 1902, for three days session.

Arrangements have been made with the following railroads to carry the members to and from the meeting on application to the passenger agents named:
Texas and Pacific, Col. Gaston Moslier, general passenger agent, Dallas.
San Antonio and Aransas Pass, Col. R. W. Andrews, San Antonio.
Missouri, Kansas and Texas, Col. H. P. Hughes, Dallas.
St. Louis, Southwestern, Capt. W. H. Winfield, Tyler.

International and Great Northern, Capt. D. J. Price, Palestine.
Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe, Capt. E. G. Thompson, Galveston.
Fort Worth and Denver, Capt. J. S. Reeder, Fort Worth.
Fort Worth and Rio Grande, Colonel Richard Lord, Fort Worth.

Members are requested not to apply for transportation until after April 1, at which time lists will be furnished the passenger agents, and those expecting to be accompanied by members who desire transportation will need to file their applications by that date, to get their names on the list. The Texas and Pacific, Aransas Pass, Missouri, Kansas and Texas, St. Louis, Southwestern, Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe, Fort Worth and Denver, Fort Worth and Rio Grande, and also probably the other roads, will also carry the wives of members on application to that effect.

Those who desire a sleeper going to the convention by taking a receipt for the amount paid will be given a complimentary ticket returning by applying to Mr. O. S. Newell, the Pullman agent at San Antonio. Only those taking receipts not conductors' checks will secure this privilege.
It is desired to make the coming session the most practical ever held, and special subjects have been selected to be discussed looking to that end. The full program will be issued as early as practicable and members are urged to use promptness in discussing the topics presented. Efforts are being made for an excursion after the meeting but nothing definite has yet been arranged.

Members expecting to attend the meeting are requested to notify the secretary by postal card or otherwise, for the information of the entertainment committee at San Antonio. Fraternally,
FRED B. ROBINSON,
Secretary Texas Press Association.

All papers friendly to the association requested to copy or notice.

OSSIFIED MAN DEAD.

He Suffered Excruciating Pain for Sixteen Years—Could Move but One Arm.
PORT JEFFERSON, I. I., March 19.—Edward Emmons, the ossified man, died to-day from grippe. He was born in Port Jefferson thirty-eight years ago. One winter he was afflicted with rheumatism in the legs and arms. He was then twenty-two years old, and he suffered intensely and never left the house again, but lay there for sixteen years. His bones gradually ossified and his body became rigid, except one arm, which he retained the use of. He could talk and read, but was a little deaf. He often wished for death to end his sufferings. Emmons leaves a mother, four sisters and a brother. All the family, excepting the mother, are subject to rheumatism.

Chili's Hostile Factions.

SANTIAGO, CHILI, March 19.—For the first time since the success of the revolution against Balmaceda, there is open hostility between the elements that combined to accomplish the revolution. The Clericals have come to the conclusion that President Montt means to oppress them in the background, and their potent influence in effecting Balmaceda's overthrow is not to be rewarded by that political predominance which they desire to exercise. It is said a large majority of the Chilians are liberal, and President Montt has concluded to go with the majority, even if he has to face the clericals, whose newspaper organs are fiercely assailing the new cabinet.

Beat Her Brains Out.

PITTSBURG, PA., March 18.—Dennis C. Clelland, a switchman employed by the Pennsylvania road, while drunk last night accused his wife of infidelity and assaulted her with a chair, beating her brains out. He then disappeared, but was captured later and lodged in jail.

Fire at Ranger.

RANGER, TEX., March 18.—The residence of J. M. Rice, together with the entire contents, was destroyed by fire at 11:30 o'clock last night. The family escaped in the night clothes. The cause of the fire is unknown. No insurance.

They Were Disappointed.

SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.
WICHITA FALLS, TEX., March 18.—Our streets were crowded to-day with people who came to town to witness the execution of Dock Bragerton, the negro who was hanged to-day by the execution was stayed for two weeks by wire from Governor Hogg, which greatly disappointed the visitors. If no further interference the hanging will take place April 1.

A FINE MACHINE.

A Sixty Dollar Sewing Machine for Only Twenty-Three Dollars.
SEVEN RIVERS, N. Y., March 18.—Fort Worth, Tex.
"We received your premium machine some weeks back, and have given it a fair trial, and find it to be a splendid machine, and as good in every respect as lots of machines that have been sold to our neighbors this year for \$50. Wishing you good luck, I will close. Yours respectfully,
W. F. COCHRAN.

After a Year's Trial.

CLARENDON, TEX., Feb. 29, 1902.
Mr. Dean reports the sewing machine he received from you about a year ago to be perfectly satisfactory in every respect.
J. W. LOWE,
Deputy Postmaster.

Superior to All Others.

SEYMOUR, TEX., March 1, 1892.
The Democrat Publishing Company, Fort Worth, Tex.
GIVEN—Your premium machine was received in due time. I am more than delighted with it. I have used many different machines, and THE GAZETTE is far superior to all. My friends who have seen my beautiful machine admire it very much. I am a regular user of it. To THE GAZETTE, Very respectfully,
Mrs. J. E. FAIRBANKS.

Refrigeration.

At Lewis Bros.

Refugee.

At Lewis Bros.

Refugee.

At Lewis Bros.

Refugee.

At Lewis Bros.

Refugee.

At Lewis Bros.

Refugee.

At Lewis Bros.

Like a Dead Fish.

I had terrible ECZEMA for 15 years—was in bed six months at a time—body and limbs swollen and stiff like a dead fish. The itching was terrible, and I was finally blind to my sight. After treatment by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and other remedies, I am now well. I took S. S. S. and it cured me. My skin is soft and smooth and the terrible trouble is all gone—R. J. MITCHELL, Macon, Ga. I know the above statement to be true. S. S. HARMON, Macon, Ga.

Send for our book on the Blood.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

MALLOY HOTEL,

CORPORA, TEXAS.

Management, lately renovated. Sample rooms on the ground floor, electric lights, etc. Rates, \$2 per day. WM. McRAE, Proprietor.

HOTEL PICKWICK,

Corner Main and Fourth Streets, Fort Worth, Texas.

Rates, \$2.50 Per Day. GEO. C. HUDGINS, Manager.

MANSION HOTEL.

Five large and well lighted sample rooms on ground floor.

RATES \$2.00 TO \$2.50 PER DAY. W. W. DUNN & SON.

LAWSON'S RESTAURANT,

312 MAIN STREET.

Regular meals and orders served promptly. Lunch counter supplied with the best of everything.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

Newly Furnished and Under New Management. Street Car to and From Depot Pass the Door.

TERMS \$1.00 and \$2 Per Day.

GRAND HOTEL

MRS. M. J. MOSELY, Proprietress.

Opposite Public Square, Fort Worth, Texas.

Crescent Restaurant

AND

LADIES' PARLOR.

315 Main Street.

The Popular Resort of Fort Worth.

First-class in Menu and Service. Oysters, Fish, Game and all the Delicacies of the Season. MRS. J. C. POINDEXTER, Proprietress.

POINDEXTER HOUSE!

605 West Fifth Street, Corner Burnett.

Nice Rooms Always Ready for Traveling Men. Table and Accommodations First-Class.

MRS. J. C. POINDEXTER, Proprietress.

LINDSAY HOUSE!

GOOD SAMPLE ROOMS.

PHILLIPS & TOWNLEY, Proprietors, Gainesville, Texas.

ANSLEY HOUSE.

BRICK BUILDING.

Henrietta, Texas, A. N. ANSLEY, Proprietor.

RATES \$1.50 and \$2 Per Day.

CARSON-LEWIS HOTEL

D. HILL, Proprietor.

RATES, \$2.00. WEATHERFORD, TEXAS.

HOTEL OATMAN!

HEADQUARTERS FOR COMMERCIAL MEN.

ELEGANT SAMPLE ROOMS. RATES, \$2.00.

MRS. ADA H. WALDEN, Proprietress, DENTON, TEXAS.

SPRING MEETING

SAN ANGELO JOCKEY CLUB,

San Angelo, Texas,

APRIL 7, 8 and 9, 1892.

Best town, best track, largest purses in the state. In-

quire of your ticket agents for excursion rates.

For further particulars address J. L. RHELAN,

Secretary, San Angelo, Tex.

W. A. GARNER, President. J. K. MILLICAN, Vice-President. F. S. BOULWARE, Secretary.

TEXAS PRINTING AND LITHOGRAPHING CO.,

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

Blank Books and Legal Blanks. Job Printing, Lithographing

Courthouse and Office Furniture Always in Stock.

1605-1607 MAIN, 1606 TO 1612 RUSK STREETS,

FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

The Fort Worth Packing Company.

Packers and Curers of

All Kinds of

Hog and Beef

And Carriers of

MEATS

AND

DELICACIES.

—Sausage of all Kinds

Our Brands are the Standard of Comparison. We are buying hogs and cattle every day at

the Union Stockyards' market, North Fort Worth, and especially solicit Texas raised hogs and